

Answer Key

1. $m\angle 1 = m\angle 2$

GIVEN

$$\angle 1 \cong \angle 2$$

Definition of Congruent Angles
(Congruent angles - Angles that have the same measure.)

2. $m\angle 1 + m\angle 5 = 90$ degrees

GIVEN

$\angle 1$ and $\angle 5$ are complementary angles

Definition of Complementary Angles
(Complementary Angles-Two angles whose measures have a sum of 90 degrees.)

3. $\angle 1$ and $\angle 7$ form a linear pair

GIVEN

$\angle 1$ and $\angle 7$ are supplementary angles

Linear Pair Theorem
(LPT-If two angles form a linear pair then they are supplementary.)

$$m\angle 1 + m\angle 7 = 180 \text{ degrees}$$

Definition of Supplementary Angles
(Supplementary Angles-Two angles whose measures have a sum of 90 degrees.)

4. $\angle 8$ is a rt angle and $\angle 9$ is a rt angle

GIVEN

$$\angle 8 \cong \angle 9$$

Right Angle Congruence Theorem
(RACT-All right angles are congruent.)

$$m\angle 8 = m\angle 9$$

Definition of Congruent Angles
(Congruent angles - Angles that have the same measure.)

5. $\angle 4$ and $\angle 7$ are complementary

GIVEN

$$m\angle 4 + m\angle 7 = 90 \text{ degrees}$$

Definition of Complementary Angles
(Complementary Angles-Two angles whose measures have a sum of 90 degrees.)

6. $\angle 1 \cong \angle 7$

GIVEN

$$m\angle 1 = m\angle 7$$

Definition of Congruent Angles
(Congruent angles - Angles that have the same measure.)

7. $m\angle 1 + m\angle 4 = 180$ degrees

GIVEN

$\angle 1$ and $\angle 4$ are supplementary angles

Definition of Supplementary Angles
(Supplementary Angles-Two angles whose measures have a sum of 90 degrees.)

8. $\angle 8$ and $\angle 9$ are vertical angles

GIVEN

$$\angle 8 \cong \angle 9$$

Vertical Angles Theorem
(VAT-Vertical Angles are Congruent.)

$m\angle 8 = m\angle 9$	Definition of Congruent Angles (<u>Congruent angles</u> - Angles that have the same measure.)
-------------------------	---

9. $\angle 3$ and $\angle 8$ are supp. angles	GIVEN
$m\angle 3 + m\angle 8 = 180$ degrees	Definition of Supplementary Angles (<u>Supplementary Angles</u> -Two angles whose measures have a sum of 180 degrees.)

10. $\angle 8$ and $\angle 10$ are both supplementary to $\angle 7$	GIVEN
$\angle 8 \cong \angle 10$	Congruent Supplements Theorem (<u>CST</u> -If two angles are supplementary to the same angle then the two angles are congruent.)

11. $\angle 1$ and $\angle 2$ are supplementary	GIVEN
$m\angle 1 + m\angle 2 = 180$ degrees	Definition of Supplementary Angles (<u>Supplementary Angles</u> -Two angles whose measures have a sum of 180 degrees.)

12. $\angle 1$ and $\angle 5$ are supplementary	GIVEN
$m\angle 1 + m\angle 5 = 180$ degrees	Definition of Supplementary Angles (<u>Supplementary Angles</u> -Two angles whose measures have a sum of 180 degrees.)

13. $\angle ABC$ is a right angle	GIVEN
$m\angle ABC = 90$ degrees	Definition of a right angle (<u>Right Angle</u> - An angle that measures 90 degrees)

14. $DB = SG$	GIVEN
$\overline{DB} \cong \overline{SG}$	Definition of congruent segments (<u>Congruent Segments</u> - Segments that have the same length.)

15. $\angle H$ and $\angle P$ form a linear pair	GIVEN
$\angle H$ and $\angle P$ are supplementary	Linear Pair Theorem (<u>LPT</u> -If two angles form a linear pair then they are supplementary.)
$m\angle H + m\angle P = 180$ degrees	Definition of Supplementary Angles (<u>Supplementary Angles</u> -Two angles whose measures have a sum of 180 degrees.)